# Tegali language

**Tegali** (also spelled *Tagale*, *Tegele*, *Tekele*, *Togole*) is a <u>Kordofanian</u> language in the <u>Rashad</u> family, which belongs to the larger <u>Niger-Congo</u> phylum (Greenberg 1963, Schadeberg 1981, Williamson & Blench 2000).<sup>[2]</sup> It is spoken in South Kordofan state, Sudan.

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# Classification

The Rashad family of language consists of two <u>dialect clusters</u>, "Tegali" and "<u>Tagoi</u>". They are spoken on two mountain ranges to the north and north-west of Rashad.<sup>[3]</sup> These languages are spoken in the Tegali Hills in the north-east of the <u>Nuba Mountains</u>, the home of the former "Tegali Kingdom".<sup>[4]</sup>

# Dialects/varieties

Tegali has three varieties, Rashad (Gom, Kom, Kome, Ngakom), Tegali, and Tingal (Kajaja, Kajakja). *Ethnologue* states that Rashed and Tegali dialects are nearly identical.<sup>[5]</sup> Tucker and Bryan list Rashad as almost identical to Tegali, "perhaps a mere variation of one language";<sup>[6]</sup> however, Greenberg lists it as a separate language.<sup>[7]</sup> Welmers suggests Tingal as a dialect of Tegali;<sup>[8]</sup> Tucker and Bryan report this as different from Tegali and Rashad, but as definitely belonging to the Tegali branch.<sup>[6]</sup>

# Tegali Tagale, Tegele, Tekele, Togole Sudan Native to Region South Kordofan **Ethnicity Tagale** Native speakers (35,700 cited 1984)[1] (https:// www.ethnologu e.com/language/ ras) Language Niger-Congo family Rashad Tegali **Dialects** Gom Tegali Tingal Language codes ISO 639-3 ras [2] (https://w ww.ethnologue.c om/language/ra Glottolog tega1236 (htt p://glottolog.o rg/resource/lan quoid/id/tega12 36) Tegali<sup>[1]</sup>

# Geographic distribution

There are 35,700 native speakers of Tegali in <u>South Kordofan</u> state, <u>Sudan</u>.<sup>[5]</sup> Speakers are distributed in the hills between the Rashud-Rashad and Rashad-Umm Ruwaba roads, with a few outlying hills west of Rashad (including Tagoi and Tarjok) and scattered hills south of Rashad.<sup>[9]</sup>

### Dialects/varieties distribution

Among the three dialects, Tegali has about 16,000 speakers located on the <u>Tegali</u> range. Rashad has about 5,000 speakers in the Rashad hills in the southern part of the Tegali range, also in Rashad town. Tingal (Kajakja) has about 2,100 speakers.<sup>[9]</sup>

# **Grammar/vocabulary**

Tegali is closely related to <u>Tagoi</u>. The most conspicuous difference between the two dialect clusters is that Tagoi has a complex system of <u>noun classes</u> while Tegali does not. Tegali and Tagoi share about 70% basic vocabulary (100-word list). Different explanations exist for why Tegali dialects lack of noun class system. <u>Greenberg</u> (1963), who excludes the possibility of mass borrowing of basic vocabulary in <u>Tegoi</u>, regards the two dialect clusters as closely related and assumes the loss of noun classes in the Tegali dialects. <sup>[10]</sup>

# **Examples**

### **Numeral system**

Tegali has a counting system similar to that of Tagoi. But now they seemed have developed a more complete numeral system. There is an option for the number 20 'fəŋəndən rəkkʊ'. [11]

## References

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### **External links**

- Tegali at the Endangered Languages Project (http://www.endangeredlanguages.com/lang/182/guide)
- Simons, Gary F. and Charles D. Fennig (eds.). 2017. <u>Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Twentieth edition</u>. (http://www.ethnologue.com) Dallas, Texas: SIL International.
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- Tegali at the <u>Numeral Systems of the World's Languages (https://mpi-lingweb.shh.mpg.de/numeral/Tegali.htm)</u>

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